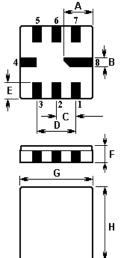


SAW RESONATOR

Part Number: VTR9165B

The **VTR9165B** is a two-port, 180° surface-acoustic-wave (**SAW**) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic **QCC8C** case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization i.e. in transmitters or local oscillators operating at **916.500** MHz.

1. Package Dimension (QCC8C)



Pin	Configuration
2	Terminal1
6	Terminal2
4,8	Case Ground
1,3,5,7	Empty

Sign	Data (unit: mm)	Sign Data (unit: mn	
А	2.08	Е	1.2
В	0.6	F	1.35
С	1.27	G	5.0
D	2.54	Н	5.0

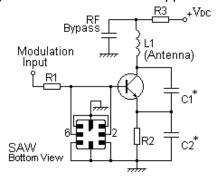
2. Marking

VTR 9165B

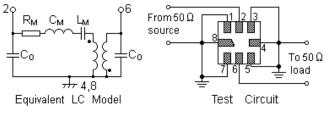
Laser Marking

4. Typical Application Circuits

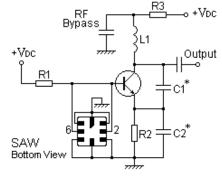
1) Low-Power Transmitter Application



3. Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit



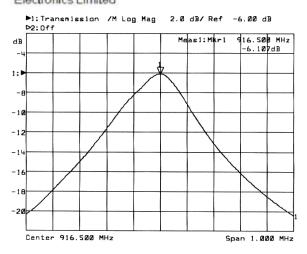
2) Local Oscillator Application

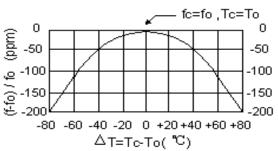


5. Typical Frequency Response

6. Temperature Characteristics







The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature characteristics.

7. Performance

7-1. Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Unit	
CW RF Power Dissipation	Ρ	10	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals	V _{DC}	±30	V
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{\rm stg}$	-40 to +85	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T _A	-10 to +60	°C

7-2. Electronic Characteristics

	Characteristics	Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Center Frequency (+25℃)	Absolute Frequency	f _C	916.350		916.650	MHz
	Tolerance from 916.500 MHz	Δf_{C}		±150		kHz
Insertion Loss		IL		6.5	9.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U		6,650		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L		3,500		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T ₀	25		55	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f ₀		fc		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/℃²
Frequency Aging Absolute Value during the First Year		f _A		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resis	tance Between Any Two Terminals		1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R _M		111.35	182	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M		128.5222		μH
	Motional Capacitance	См		0.2349		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C ₀	2.30	2.55	2.80	pF

(i) CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling!



Electronics Limited

- 1. The frequency f_c is the frequency of minimum IL with the resonator in the specified test fixture in a 50 Ω test system with VSWR<1.2:1.
- 2. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_c = +25^{\circ}C\pm 2^{\circ}C$.
- 3. Frequency aging is the change in f_c with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 4. Turnover temperature, T_0 , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_0 . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_c , may be calculated from: $f = f_0 [1 FTC (T_0 T_c)^2]$.
- 5. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C₀ is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between input terminal and ground or output terminal and ground. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.
- 6. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_c , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_c versus T_c , and C_0 .
- 7. The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- 8. Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 9. Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
- 10. For questions on technology, prices and delivery, please contact our sales offices or e-mail info@v-torch.com